



1
00:00:05,510 --> 00:00:03,189
hey everybody and welcome to mission

2
00:00:08,230 --> 00:00:05,520
control houston i'm kelly humphries and

3
00:00:11,589 --> 00:00:08,240
with me is mark williams who is one of

4
00:00:13,990 --> 00:00:11,599
the lead astronaut strength trainers and

5
00:00:16,150 --> 00:00:14,000
he works with crews on to make them

6
00:00:18,070 --> 00:00:16,160
ready for space flights and also to keep

7
00:00:20,390 --> 00:00:18,080
them healthy on orbit and to get them

8
00:00:22,310 --> 00:00:20,400
used to coming back and living in

9
00:00:23,990 --> 00:00:22,320
gravity again

10
00:00:27,509 --> 00:00:24,000
um we're glad to be here with you and

11
00:00:38,790 --> 00:00:28,710
are we all set should we go ahead and

12
00:00:43,190 --> 00:00:40,790
yes you may begin please go ahead with

13
00:00:45,670 --> 00:00:43,200

your first question

14

00:00:47,830 --> 00:00:45,680

um my name is claire i live in tacoma

15

00:00:49,830 --> 00:00:47,840

how many jobs are there on the mission

16

00:00:55,590 --> 00:00:49,840

control

17

00:00:57,590 --> 00:00:55,600

different jobs uh there are right now uh

18

00:00:59,590 --> 00:00:57,600

there are probably about 30 people here

19

00:01:02,150 --> 00:00:59,600

in mission control

20

00:01:04,710 --> 00:01:02,160

they their team is led by a flight

21

00:01:06,710 --> 00:01:04,720

director and then that flight director

22

00:01:08,950 --> 00:01:06,720

is in charge of the entire team and then

23

00:01:11,350 --> 00:01:08,960

each of these folks has a specific area

24

00:01:13,510 --> 00:01:11,360

that they work in whether it's

25

00:01:15,670 --> 00:01:13,520

space walking or whether it's

26
00:01:17,590 --> 00:01:15,680
environmental control systems or

27
00:01:19,350 --> 00:01:17,600
communication systems

28
00:01:21,590 --> 00:01:19,360
and that whole team works together here

29
00:01:24,149 --> 00:01:21,600
and then in addition there are

30
00:01:26,230 --> 00:01:24,159
back rooms as we call them where they

31
00:01:28,789 --> 00:01:26,240
have additional specialists that may

32
00:01:31,350 --> 00:01:28,799
have a particular part of that system

33
00:01:33,990 --> 00:01:31,360
that they are really expert at and then

34
00:01:36,149 --> 00:01:34,000
those folks all work together to bring

35
00:01:37,590 --> 00:01:36,159
that into the full team and and make

36
00:01:39,429 --> 00:01:37,600
sure that we make the right decisions

37
00:01:41,510 --> 00:01:39,439
for the astronauts on orbit then of

38
00:01:43,749 --> 00:01:41,520

course we're also connecting

39

00:01:45,749 --> 00:01:43,759

with uh mission control centers around

40

00:01:47,270 --> 00:01:45,759

the world since we have five different

41

00:01:49,109 --> 00:01:47,280

space agencies working on the

42

00:01:51,270 --> 00:01:49,119

international space station

43

00:01:53,030 --> 00:01:51,280

representing 15 different countries and

44

00:01:55,350 --> 00:01:53,040

so these folks here in mission control

45

00:01:58,469 --> 00:01:55,360

have similar counterparts

46

00:02:00,230 --> 00:01:58,479

in munich in moscow in

47

00:02:02,870 --> 00:02:00,240

scuba japan

48

00:02:04,630 --> 00:02:02,880

in century beer canada

49

00:02:05,670 --> 00:02:04,640

and also

50

00:02:07,830 --> 00:02:05,680

in

51
00:02:09,830 --> 00:02:07,840
other areas of the country that help

52
00:02:11,510 --> 00:02:09,840
support their work here

53
00:02:13,750 --> 00:02:11,520
areas like marshall space flight center

54
00:02:15,270 --> 00:02:13,760
in huntsville alabama where they help

55
00:02:17,270 --> 00:02:15,280
coordinate all the research on the space

56
00:02:18,869 --> 00:02:17,280
station so a really big team i couldn't

57
00:02:20,229 --> 00:02:18,879
give you an exact number but here in

58
00:02:25,750 --> 00:02:20,239
mission control right now there's about

59
00:02:31,030 --> 00:02:29,190
my name is emma and i live in seattle

60
00:02:33,110 --> 00:02:31,040
and

61
00:02:34,790 --> 00:02:33,120
my question is do

62
00:02:37,030 --> 00:02:34,800
do you always work that

63
00:02:39,350 --> 00:02:37,040

at the same job and do the same thing in

64

00:02:41,910 --> 00:02:39,360

mission control

65

00:02:43,350 --> 00:02:41,920

um you know i'm going to bring mark in

66

00:02:46,949 --> 00:02:43,360

on this a little bit

67

00:02:49,509 --> 00:02:46,959

most people work in a particular area

68

00:02:51,910 --> 00:02:49,519

and focus on that area at least for a

69

00:02:54,630 --> 00:02:51,920

portion of their time in mission control

70

00:02:56,229 --> 00:02:54,640

however a lot of people move around into

71

00:02:58,390 --> 00:02:56,239

different areas because you've got

72

00:02:59,750 --> 00:02:58,400

basically engineers and scientists for

73

00:03:02,309 --> 00:02:59,760

the most part that work in mission

74

00:03:04,630 --> 00:03:02,319

control and they have a broad background

75

00:03:06,790 --> 00:03:04,640

in whatever area they're in and so they

76

00:03:08,550 --> 00:03:06,800

can sometimes translate those over in

77

00:03:10,949 --> 00:03:08,560

different areas

78

00:03:13,110 --> 00:03:10,959

and they like to do that to expand their

79

00:03:14,949 --> 00:03:13,120

careers because a lot of these folks

80

00:03:16,630 --> 00:03:14,959

would like to in addition just working

81

00:03:18,149 --> 00:03:16,640

in mission control they'd like to

82

00:03:20,149 --> 00:03:18,159

someday maybe be a flight director and

83

00:03:22,630 --> 00:03:20,159

be in charge and so in order to get

84

00:03:24,070 --> 00:03:22,640

experience in different areas they do

85

00:03:25,990 --> 00:03:24,080

that kind of thing

86

00:03:27,910 --> 00:03:26,000

we also have people like mark who work

87

00:03:29,910 --> 00:03:27,920

with the crews and help prepare them and

88

00:03:31,350 --> 00:03:29,920

maybe you can talk about the all the

89

00:03:33,830 --> 00:03:31,360

other support work

90

00:03:36,390 --> 00:03:33,840

well yeah i mean i've been here about 20

91

00:03:38,630 --> 00:03:36,400

years i started off i worked in the

92

00:03:40,550 --> 00:03:38,640

exercise physiology lab doing research

93

00:03:42,309 --> 00:03:40,560

for about four or five years

94

00:03:43,830 --> 00:03:42,319

and i've been currently in my job that i

95

00:03:47,750 --> 00:03:43,840

have now as the strength and

96

00:03:51,990 --> 00:03:47,760

conditioning coach for about 16 years

97

00:03:57,270 --> 00:03:54,149

yeah

98

00:03:59,670 --> 00:03:57,280

hello my name is nadia i live in burnaby

99

00:04:01,750 --> 00:03:59,680

bc and my question is what kind of

100

00:04:03,910 --> 00:04:01,760

education do you need to work in mission

101
00:04:06,149 --> 00:04:03,920
control

102
00:04:08,149 --> 00:04:06,159
well again most the folks that work in

103
00:04:09,350 --> 00:04:08,159
mission control are scientists or

104
00:04:10,869 --> 00:04:09,360
engineers

105
00:04:12,470 --> 00:04:10,879
there are a lot of different engineering

106
00:04:13,670 --> 00:04:12,480
backgrounds there's electrical

107
00:04:15,830 --> 00:04:13,680
engineering there's mechanical

108
00:04:17,110 --> 00:04:15,840
engineering there is aeronautical

109
00:04:19,030 --> 00:04:17,120
engineering

110
00:04:20,870 --> 00:04:19,040
there's physics math

111
00:04:24,070 --> 00:04:20,880
essentially for education you want to

112
00:04:26,390 --> 00:04:24,080
get a broad education in science

113
00:04:28,070 --> 00:04:26,400

technology and engineering

114

00:04:29,909 --> 00:04:28,080

but what's really key is to find

115

00:04:33,189 --> 00:04:29,919

something that you love to do

116

00:04:34,629 --> 00:04:33,199

because whenever you are trying to

117

00:04:36,629 --> 00:04:34,639

improve yourself

118

00:04:38,070 --> 00:04:36,639

and get ready for a career it's

119

00:04:40,150 --> 00:04:38,080

important to be doing something that you

120

00:04:41,909 --> 00:04:40,160

like to do because that's going to help

121

00:04:43,670 --> 00:04:41,919

you do it better and it's going to help

122

00:04:44,790 --> 00:04:43,680

you focus on learning what you need to

123

00:04:48,469 --> 00:04:44,800

know

124

00:04:49,590 --> 00:04:48,479

and then continuing as you get older and

125

00:04:51,189 --> 00:04:49,600

mature

126
00:04:52,950 --> 00:04:51,199
to learn more all the time and it's

127
00:04:55,030 --> 00:04:52,960
going to inspire in you the idea of

128
00:04:57,430 --> 00:04:55,040
continuing to learn throughout your life

129
00:04:59,909 --> 00:04:57,440
which everybody here in this room is is

130
00:05:01,189 --> 00:04:59,919
definitely focused on doing that because

131
00:05:02,469 --> 00:05:01,199
every time

132
00:05:04,950 --> 00:05:02,479
we do something

133
00:05:07,029 --> 00:05:04,960
in space on the space station or on a

134
00:05:09,189 --> 00:05:07,039
spacecraft we learn something new

135
00:05:10,629 --> 00:05:09,199
yesterday we had a problem on the space

136
00:05:13,189 --> 00:05:10,639
walk and

137
00:05:15,189 --> 00:05:13,199
we had a brand new problem that we'd

138
00:05:17,510 --> 00:05:15,199

never had before we had a bunch of water

139

00:05:18,790 --> 00:05:17,520

collected inside luca parmitano's helmet

140

00:05:20,870 --> 00:05:18,800

and they had to come home early on the

141

00:05:22,070 --> 00:05:20,880

spacewalk that's a new thing we're

142

00:05:25,029 --> 00:05:22,080

learning from that we're trying to

143

00:05:26,790 --> 00:05:25,039

figure out now what exactly happened

144

00:05:28,790 --> 00:05:26,800

and it's that kind of learning attitude

145

00:05:31,350 --> 00:05:28,800

that you need to develop as much as

146

00:05:37,110 --> 00:05:31,360

anything as you're studying to try to

147

00:05:41,590 --> 00:05:39,590

my name is jamie and i live in seattle

148

00:05:43,110 --> 00:05:41,600

and this is my question can people who

149

00:05:46,070 --> 00:05:43,120

work in mission control become

150

00:05:48,150 --> 00:05:46,080

astronauts and vice versa

151

00:05:50,710 --> 00:05:48,160

uh as a matter of fact yes uh there are

152

00:05:54,230 --> 00:05:50,720

a number of astronauts who started out

153

00:05:55,590 --> 00:05:54,240

as uh as flight controllers um mark

154

00:05:57,350 --> 00:05:55,600

you've worked with some of them maybe

155

00:05:59,189 --> 00:05:57,360

you can uh remember somebody who did

156

00:06:01,189 --> 00:05:59,199

that you know like off the top of my

157

00:06:02,469 --> 00:06:01,199

head i can't remember actually somebody

158

00:06:04,469 --> 00:06:02,479

well i know just off the top of my head

159

00:06:06,710 --> 00:06:04,479

i know that shannon walker one of the

160

00:06:09,189 --> 00:06:06,720

houston native and and mark's a houston

161

00:06:10,790 --> 00:06:09,199

native too she started out as a flight

162

00:06:13,029 --> 00:06:10,800

controller and worked a variety of

163

00:06:14,309 --> 00:06:13,039

different jobs uh here before she became

164

00:06:16,550 --> 00:06:14,319

an astronaut

165

00:06:19,029 --> 00:06:16,560

um i'm trying to think of others off the

166

00:06:21,749 --> 00:06:19,039

top my head but there have been five or

167

00:06:23,110 --> 00:06:21,759

six different astronauts you also have

168

00:06:24,550 --> 00:06:23,120

in here in mission control you have

169

00:06:26,150 --> 00:06:24,560

flight surgeons and there's been a few

170

00:06:27,749 --> 00:06:26,160

flight surgeons that have also moved

171

00:06:29,670 --> 00:06:27,759

from being a flight surgeon into the

172

00:06:31,830 --> 00:06:29,680

astronaut office as well mike barrett

173

00:06:33,510 --> 00:06:31,840

was a flight surgeon and he moved into

174

00:06:36,309 --> 00:06:33,520

being an astronaut spent six months on

175

00:06:37,990 --> 00:06:36,319

the space station uh tom marsh tom

176

00:06:39,749 --> 00:06:38,000

marshburn who just got back from a

177

00:06:42,230 --> 00:06:39,759

six-month stay on the space station as a

178

00:06:44,629 --> 00:06:42,240

doctor and was also a flight surgeon

179

00:06:45,749 --> 00:06:44,639

so yes definitely a lot of people work

180

00:06:47,430 --> 00:06:45,759

in mission control and then become

181

00:06:49,110 --> 00:06:47,440

astronauts and then once you're an

182

00:06:51,430 --> 00:06:49,120

astronaut you work in mission control

183

00:06:53,909 --> 00:06:51,440

often because you serve as a spacecraft

184

00:06:56,469 --> 00:06:53,919

communicator talking with the team on

185

00:06:58,309 --> 00:06:56,479

orbit and in a way becoming a translator

186

00:07:00,629 --> 00:06:58,319

since you're an astronaut you understand

187

00:07:02,150 --> 00:07:00,639

how an astronaut thinks uh and the kind

188

00:07:03,189 --> 00:07:02,160

of questions that an astronaut might

189

00:07:05,029 --> 00:07:03,199

have

190

00:07:06,469 --> 00:07:05,039

and how best to present uh the

191

00:07:08,790 --> 00:07:06,479

information that needs to go to the

192

00:07:10,950 --> 00:07:08,800

astronaut and so we utilize them a lot

193

00:07:14,230 --> 00:07:10,960

to help relay information back and forth

194

00:07:18,390 --> 00:07:15,589

thank you

195

00:07:19,589 --> 00:07:18,400

hi my name is eula i live on roster

196

00:07:22,150 --> 00:07:19,599

island

197

00:07:24,629 --> 00:07:22,160

can you eat or drink or nap inside the

198

00:07:27,990 --> 00:07:24,639

mission control

199

00:07:29,830 --> 00:07:28,000

yes you can uh not so much napping

200

00:07:32,230 --> 00:07:29,840

but people do have to eat and drink

201
00:07:34,070 --> 00:07:32,240
throughout their day uh and a lot of

202
00:07:35,670 --> 00:07:34,080
times when you see the pictures of us

203
00:07:37,830 --> 00:07:35,680
here in mission control on nasa

204
00:07:39,990 --> 00:07:37,840
television you'll see folks that have

205
00:07:41,670 --> 00:07:40,000
cookies up on the back deck of their

206
00:07:42,790 --> 00:07:41,680
consoles or they'll be eating their

207
00:07:45,270 --> 00:07:42,800
lunch

208
00:07:47,749 --> 00:07:45,280
and it's kind of a catches catch can

209
00:07:50,710 --> 00:07:47,759
kind of a thing everybody needs to eat

210
00:07:52,629 --> 00:07:50,720
mission control teams generally work

211
00:07:54,869 --> 00:07:52,639
about a 10-hour shift

212
00:07:56,950 --> 00:07:54,879
they've got eight hours worth of work

213
00:07:59,189 --> 00:07:56,960

that they do in the middle of the shift

214

00:08:01,510 --> 00:07:59,199

where they're the main person uh but

215

00:08:04,550 --> 00:08:01,520

then they've got an hour before and

216

00:08:06,629 --> 00:08:04,560

after when they are handing off uh from

217

00:08:09,350 --> 00:08:06,639

their off coming and ongoing team

218

00:08:12,070 --> 00:08:09,360

members because this is a 24 7 operation

219

00:08:13,670 --> 00:08:12,080

over here and you have to be able to

220

00:08:15,189 --> 00:08:13,680

share what happened on the previous

221

00:08:17,110 --> 00:08:15,199

shift so that you're ready to begin your

222

00:08:18,950 --> 00:08:17,120

next shift and then when you go off

223

00:08:20,550 --> 00:08:18,960

you've got to make sure that your relief

224

00:08:22,629 --> 00:08:20,560

has all the information they need to do

225

00:08:24,790 --> 00:08:22,639

their jobs and so we all bring our

226

00:08:27,110 --> 00:08:24,800

lunches here and uh

227

00:08:28,869 --> 00:08:27,120

we usually eat them on console we have

228

00:08:31,110 --> 00:08:28,879

very brief breaks here and there where

229

00:08:32,550 --> 00:08:31,120

we can leave the control room but most

230

00:08:34,790 --> 00:08:32,560

the time we have good communication with

231

00:08:35,829 --> 00:08:34,800

the space station and so

232

00:08:38,630 --> 00:08:35,839

it's only

233

00:08:40,709 --> 00:08:38,640

you only get about five or ten minutes

234

00:08:42,790 --> 00:08:40,719

per orbit it takes 90 minutes for the

235

00:08:44,550 --> 00:08:42,800

space station to go around the world and

236

00:08:46,550 --> 00:08:44,560

so about five or ten minutes of that

237

00:08:48,630 --> 00:08:46,560

each orbit is your chance to go take a

238

00:08:50,710 --> 00:08:48,640

restroom break or grab something to

239

00:08:53,030 --> 00:08:50,720

drink so you do have to kind of measure

240

00:08:54,070 --> 00:08:53,040

what you what you consume because you

241

00:08:58,550 --> 00:08:54,080

don't want to have to run to the

242

00:09:02,949 --> 00:09:00,470

thank you

243

00:09:04,870 --> 00:09:02,959

i'm sierra and i live in seattle and my

244

00:09:07,190 --> 00:09:04,880

question is what has been the most

245

00:09:10,790 --> 00:09:07,200

exciting event that you have had to deal

246

00:09:13,590 --> 00:09:10,800

with while in mission control

247

00:09:16,949 --> 00:09:13,600

wow i have been working in mission

248

00:09:20,310 --> 00:09:16,959

control myself for more than 20 years

249

00:09:23,190 --> 00:09:20,320

uh and i've i've been involved in a lot

250

00:09:24,870 --> 00:09:23,200

of different events uh some interesting

251
00:09:26,630 --> 00:09:24,880
space walks you know yesterday's

252
00:09:29,110 --> 00:09:26,640
spacewalk

253
00:09:30,949 --> 00:09:29,120
that got cut short was the second

254
00:09:33,110 --> 00:09:30,959
shortest spacewalk ever it was an hour

255
00:09:35,670 --> 00:09:33,120
and 32 minutes long

256
00:09:37,509 --> 00:09:35,680
i actually was here doing the voice of

257
00:09:39,670 --> 00:09:37,519
mission control work

258
00:09:41,829 --> 00:09:39,680
when mike fink did the shortest

259
00:09:45,509 --> 00:09:41,839
spacewalk ever that was actually a

260
00:09:47,509 --> 00:09:45,519
russian spacewalk it was on expedition 9

261
00:09:50,550 --> 00:09:47,519
a number of years ago

262
00:09:52,230 --> 00:09:50,560
and he got outside and his

263
00:09:54,710 --> 00:09:52,240

life support system was not properly

264

00:09:57,350 --> 00:09:54,720

connected and so he had to come back in

265

00:09:59,430 --> 00:09:57,360

after only about 10 minutes outside

266

00:10:01,269 --> 00:09:59,440

that has to be one of the most

267

00:10:07,829 --> 00:10:01,279

exciting and interesting times i had

268

00:10:11,750 --> 00:10:09,030

my name is brian lunder i live in

269

00:10:13,829 --> 00:10:11,760

covington washington my question is is

270

00:10:16,630 --> 00:10:13,839

there a common language that that all

271

00:10:17,590 --> 00:10:16,640

the space agencies use like

272

00:10:19,750 --> 00:10:17,600

do the

273

00:10:21,110 --> 00:10:19,760

russian cosmonauts talk to the russian

274

00:10:22,470 --> 00:10:21,120

mission control in russian or do they

275

00:10:24,870 --> 00:10:22,480

talk to the russian mission control in

276

00:10:26,230 --> 00:10:24,880

english and vice versa is is everything

277

00:10:28,550 --> 00:10:26,240

on the space station written in english

278

00:10:29,910 --> 00:10:28,560

or is some of it still written in

279

00:10:32,790 --> 00:10:29,920

russian

280

00:10:35,509 --> 00:10:32,800

um the the common language we use aboard

281

00:10:38,470 --> 00:10:35,519

the space station uh for everybody is

282

00:10:41,190 --> 00:10:38,480

english uh and uh for mission control we

283

00:10:43,590 --> 00:10:41,200

always deal in english uh uh when we go

284

00:10:46,470 --> 00:10:43,600

back and forth in terms of conversations

285

00:10:49,269 --> 00:10:46,480

uh each uh control center though from

286

00:10:50,870 --> 00:10:49,279

around the world in in japan and russia

287

00:10:55,670 --> 00:10:50,880

and

288

00:10:56,949 --> 00:10:55,680

their own native language when they're

289

00:10:58,710 --> 00:10:56,959

talking to the crews through their

290

00:11:01,110 --> 00:10:58,720

communication systems and so there's

291

00:11:02,790 --> 00:11:01,120

some of that but when we all need to get

292

00:11:06,470 --> 00:11:02,800

together and work an issue we generally

293

00:11:08,310 --> 00:11:06,480

work it in english uh the the majority

294

00:11:10,630 --> 00:11:08,320

of uh things that are printed on board

295

00:11:12,870 --> 00:11:10,640

the space station are printed in english

296

00:11:15,030 --> 00:11:12,880

or on the computer screens in english

297

00:11:16,550 --> 00:11:15,040

but there's a lot of cyrillic as well uh

298

00:11:17,829 --> 00:11:16,560

in in russian

299

00:11:19,110 --> 00:11:17,839

because it's a totally different

300

00:11:20,550 --> 00:11:19,120

alphabet

301
00:11:22,150 --> 00:11:20,560
there are also things that go up in

302
00:11:23,829 --> 00:11:22,160
japanese which has another different

303
00:11:26,150 --> 00:11:23,839
alphabet and

304
00:11:28,870 --> 00:11:26,160
there's things for example for canadian

305
00:11:30,630 --> 00:11:28,880
astronauts that go up bilingual in both

306
00:11:31,910 --> 00:11:30,640
the english and

307
00:11:34,230 --> 00:11:31,920
french

308
00:11:36,630 --> 00:11:34,240
and when we try to to help each of the

309
00:11:38,790 --> 00:11:36,640
crew members from their countries have a

310
00:11:41,269 --> 00:11:38,800
little bit of their home flavor in

311
00:11:42,790 --> 00:11:41,279
whatever we do and we allow their

312
00:11:44,790 --> 00:11:42,800
their control centers to talk with them

313
00:11:50,790 --> 00:11:44,800

in whatever language is natural for them

314

00:11:54,069 --> 00:11:52,470

uh hello my name is nick mallett i'm

315

00:11:56,870 --> 00:11:54,079

from olympia washington and

316

00:11:59,350 --> 00:11:56,880

hypothetically speaking if a team of 16

317

00:12:00,870 --> 00:11:59,360

is sent to mars how large of a support

318

00:12:02,710 --> 00:12:00,880

crew would be needed to

319

00:12:05,509 --> 00:12:02,720

need to be provided back on earth at

320

00:12:07,190 --> 00:12:05,519

mission control to support them

321

00:12:10,470 --> 00:12:07,200

boy that'd be a pretty big team to go to

322

00:12:14,470 --> 00:12:10,480

mars 16. that's that's a lot of mass to

323

00:12:16,069 --> 00:12:14,480

get into orbit and to get to mars

324

00:12:17,670 --> 00:12:16,079

one thing you need to remember about

325

00:12:20,069 --> 00:12:17,680

going there is it's going to take about

326

00:12:23,030 --> 00:12:20,079

six months and if you can stop and think

327

00:12:26,069 --> 00:12:23,040

about how much food water

328

00:12:27,750 --> 00:12:26,079

air and electricity we need to generate

329

00:12:29,750 --> 00:12:27,760

to do a mission that long you're

330

00:12:30,949 --> 00:12:29,760

probably going to be looking at smaller

331

00:12:33,190 --> 00:12:30,959

crews

332

00:12:35,269 --> 00:12:33,200

especially early on

333

00:12:37,430 --> 00:12:35,279

on a trip to mars

334

00:12:39,829 --> 00:12:37,440

we're working all the time here to

335

00:12:43,110 --> 00:12:39,839

minimize the number of people

336

00:12:45,269 --> 00:12:43,120

that we have in mission control because

337

00:12:46,790 --> 00:12:45,279

it having an efficient team work

338

00:12:47,990 --> 00:12:46,800

together doesn't always mean you have

339

00:12:50,389 --> 00:12:48,000

more people

340

00:12:52,550 --> 00:12:50,399

we want to be able to access a lot of

341

00:12:55,030 --> 00:12:52,560

people who are experts in the different

342

00:12:56,870 --> 00:12:55,040

fields that are necessary to support the

343

00:13:01,269 --> 00:12:56,880

thing but you don't necessarily want to

344

00:13:03,190 --> 00:13:01,279

have them on duty 24 7 all the time so

345

00:13:05,030 --> 00:13:03,200

i would say probably you'd have a team

346

00:13:07,030 --> 00:13:05,040

similar to this kind of size that we

347

00:13:09,670 --> 00:13:07,040

have here in mission control with 20 or

348

00:13:12,230 --> 00:13:09,680

30 people when there's a lot of activity

349

00:13:13,829 --> 00:13:12,240

going on uh and the crew is awake but

350

00:13:15,350 --> 00:13:13,839

then on weekends and when the crew's

351
00:13:16,310 --> 00:13:15,360
sleeping

352
00:13:18,069 --> 00:13:16,320
just like we do here for the

353
00:13:19,990 --> 00:13:18,079
international space station we staff

354
00:13:22,069 --> 00:13:20,000
down and there's just two or three

355
00:13:23,670 --> 00:13:22,079
people a flight director and a couple of

356
00:13:24,710 --> 00:13:23,680
people that monitor a lot of different

357
00:13:26,550 --> 00:13:24,720
systems

358
00:13:27,750 --> 00:13:26,560
so that we can minimize the support

359
00:13:29,110 --> 00:13:27,760
requirements

360
00:13:31,350 --> 00:13:29,120
both because you don't need them and

361
00:13:33,829 --> 00:13:31,360
also because it's expensive to have

362
00:13:38,949 --> 00:13:33,839
people working 24 7.

363
00:13:43,189 --> 00:13:41,110

hi my name is amanda chalfont and i'm

364

00:13:44,629 --> 00:13:43,199

from issaquah washington

365

00:13:46,790 --> 00:13:44,639

my question is space travel is

366

00:13:48,629 --> 00:13:46,800

inherently risky and how do you cope

367

00:13:50,310 --> 00:13:48,639

with those risks and assess what is or

368

00:13:52,550 --> 00:13:50,320

is not necessary for the ultimate goal

369

00:13:53,829 --> 00:13:52,560

of the mission

370

00:13:54,710 --> 00:13:53,839

um

371

00:13:57,269 --> 00:13:54,720

the

372

00:14:00,470 --> 00:13:57,279

main thing i would say is that what we

373

00:14:02,470 --> 00:14:00,480

we talk a lot about mitigating risk

374

00:14:04,550 --> 00:14:02,480

we know that there is risk that as you

375

00:14:06,389 --> 00:14:04,560

say is inherent in space flight and all

376

00:14:08,470 --> 00:14:06,399

the activities uh that are required to

377

00:14:09,990 --> 00:14:08,480

do that there's there's risk in in

378

00:14:11,990 --> 00:14:10,000

launching people on the top of our

379

00:14:14,550 --> 00:14:12,000

rockets there's this risk in having

380

00:14:16,629 --> 00:14:14,560

people live in a pressurized environment

381

00:14:18,230 --> 00:14:16,639

that could be damaged by orbital debris

382

00:14:20,389 --> 00:14:18,240

or a meteorite

383

00:14:22,870 --> 00:14:20,399

there's risk in having people depend on

384

00:14:24,069 --> 00:14:22,880

systems to recycle their water and their

385

00:14:26,710 --> 00:14:24,079

air

386

00:14:28,710 --> 00:14:26,720

and to generate their electricity

387

00:14:30,069 --> 00:14:28,720

and there's risk in in doing maintenance

388

00:14:32,550 --> 00:14:30,079

activities when you have to go outside

389

00:14:34,710 --> 00:14:32,560

the space station like we saw yesterday

390

00:14:36,389 --> 00:14:34,720

things don't always work right

391

00:14:39,590 --> 00:14:36,399

the key word is mitigating and what we

392

00:14:42,069 --> 00:14:39,600

do is we have a very complex and

393

00:14:45,670 --> 00:14:42,079

mathematically based system

394

00:14:48,310 --> 00:14:45,680

for establishing probabilities of risk

395

00:14:51,990 --> 00:14:48,320

and we try to manage and make sure that

396

00:14:54,230 --> 00:14:52,000

the probability of a problem that is

397

00:14:57,350 --> 00:14:54,240

a danger to the

398

00:14:59,910 --> 00:14:57,360

safety and well-being of the crew

399

00:15:02,470 --> 00:14:59,920

and to the accomplishment of the mission

400

00:15:05,189 --> 00:15:02,480

are managed at a level where

401
00:15:07,110 --> 00:15:05,199
we think that that we can take care of

402
00:15:09,350 --> 00:15:07,120
anything that might come up out of the

403
00:15:10,790 --> 00:15:09,360
ordinary that we don't expect

404
00:15:12,949 --> 00:15:10,800
because we know that those risks are

405
00:15:14,550 --> 00:15:12,959
there and we also know that

406
00:15:16,470 --> 00:15:14,560
no matter how much you train no matter

407
00:15:18,870 --> 00:15:16,480
how much you prepare there's always

408
00:15:20,470 --> 00:15:18,880
something that you haven't thought of

409
00:15:21,670 --> 00:15:20,480
that is going to come up and you're

410
00:15:24,310 --> 00:15:21,680
going to need to be ready to deal with

411
00:15:25,990 --> 00:15:24,320
it and for that we do training

412
00:15:28,949 --> 00:15:26,000
of the team here in mission control of

413
00:15:30,790 --> 00:15:28,959

the astronauts that are on orbit uh and

414

00:15:32,790 --> 00:15:30,800

uh you know mark i'm going to bring you

415

00:15:34,870 --> 00:15:32,800

in because physical training is a part

416

00:15:36,550 --> 00:15:34,880

of that too for the astronauts you want

417

00:15:37,749 --> 00:15:36,560

to keep them healthy and maybe you could

418

00:15:39,590 --> 00:15:37,759

talk a little bit about that since

419

00:15:42,710 --> 00:15:39,600

you're here well one of the things that

420

00:15:44,790 --> 00:15:42,720

we look at is that we look at worst case

421

00:15:47,269 --> 00:15:44,800

scenarios a lot so we're looking at

422

00:15:49,509 --> 00:15:47,279

emergency egress situations emergency

423

00:15:51,590 --> 00:15:49,519

eva situations things like that so we

424

00:15:53,590 --> 00:15:51,600

always have to have them in a state of

425

00:15:55,269 --> 00:15:53,600

preparedness from a physical fitness

426
00:15:57,509 --> 00:15:55,279
standpoint on a functional standpoint to

427
00:15:59,749 --> 00:15:57,519
be able to do their job for whatever re

428
00:16:01,110 --> 00:15:59,759
whatever that may be even on landing you

429
00:16:03,350 --> 00:16:01,120
know if they land

430
00:16:05,350 --> 00:16:03,360
off course four or five hours you know

431
00:16:07,829 --> 00:16:05,360
off course and they have to get out of

432
00:16:09,990 --> 00:16:07,839
capsule and on their own without help

433
00:16:11,829 --> 00:16:10,000
and set up a camp to get the beacon set

434
00:16:13,430 --> 00:16:11,839
up so they can find out where they are

435
00:16:15,269 --> 00:16:13,440
anything like that i mean they have to

436
00:16:16,790 --> 00:16:15,279
be physically able to do those things so

437
00:16:19,749 --> 00:16:16,800
part of my job is to make sure they can

438
00:16:21,670 --> 00:16:19,759

do those things okay and so essentially

439

00:16:24,389 --> 00:16:21,680

it's it's kind of like being in the

440

00:16:26,870 --> 00:16:24,399

scouts uh preparedness is is the main

441

00:16:29,829 --> 00:16:26,880

thing and you want to train for for

442

00:16:33,509 --> 00:16:29,839

any potential thing that could go wrong

443

00:16:34,949 --> 00:16:33,519

uh and and and then you know you you you

444

00:16:37,430 --> 00:16:34,959

prepare for the worst and hope for the

445

00:16:42,150 --> 00:16:37,440

best and try to manage that risk as best

446

00:16:45,749 --> 00:16:43,590

hi my name is adrian wang i'm from

447

00:16:47,110 --> 00:16:45,759

bellevue washington my question is can

448

00:16:48,629 --> 00:16:47,120

you share more information about the

449

00:16:52,150 --> 00:16:48,639

recent helmet leak and how mission

450

00:16:55,670 --> 00:16:52,160

controls responded to the emergency

451
00:16:58,310 --> 00:16:55,680
you know uh that's a really good example

452
00:17:01,670 --> 00:16:58,320
of how this team comes together

453
00:17:04,230 --> 00:17:01,680
when there is an unexpected problem

454
00:17:06,949 --> 00:17:04,240
yesterday everything was going just

455
00:17:10,710 --> 00:17:06,959
exactly as we had expected it and to

456
00:17:13,350 --> 00:17:10,720
prepare preparations for the space walk

457
00:17:15,990 --> 00:17:13,360
chris cassie and luca parmitano had

458
00:17:17,990 --> 00:17:16,000
checked out their spacesuits and because

459
00:17:20,470 --> 00:17:18,000
they had just done a spacewalk a week

460
00:17:22,789 --> 00:17:20,480
ago and it all went fine accomplished

461
00:17:24,230 --> 00:17:22,799
all the objectives and then some so the

462
00:17:25,909 --> 00:17:24,240
team here had already been doing a lot

463
00:17:27,189 --> 00:17:25,919

of work to replan

464

00:17:28,789 --> 00:17:27,199

uh for this

465

00:17:30,470 --> 00:17:28,799

spacewalk that was planned yesterday

466

00:17:31,750 --> 00:17:30,480

because they had taken care of so many

467

00:17:34,070 --> 00:17:31,760

of the get-ahead tasks that they were

468

00:17:35,990 --> 00:17:34,080

able to add some new tasks into what was

469

00:17:37,270 --> 00:17:36,000

planned for yesterday

470

00:17:38,470 --> 00:17:37,280

and then when

471

00:17:40,070 --> 00:17:38,480

they stepped out the door everything

472

00:17:42,230 --> 00:17:40,080

seemed to be going fine and then luca

473

00:17:44,150 --> 00:17:42,240

mentioned that he had some water inside

474

00:17:45,110 --> 00:17:44,160

of his helmet

475

00:17:46,310 --> 00:17:45,120

and

476

00:17:48,630 --> 00:17:46,320

that he didn't think it was gonna be a

477

00:17:52,230 --> 00:17:48,640

problem they finished their first job uh

478

00:17:54,070 --> 00:17:52,240

both chris and luca did uh and then uh

479

00:17:56,470 --> 00:17:54,080

because your buddy system kind of like

480

00:17:58,150 --> 00:17:56,480

when you're diving under sea uh chris

481

00:17:59,909 --> 00:17:58,160

went over to check on luca because he

482

00:18:02,390 --> 00:17:59,919

was reporting this water problem and he

483

00:18:04,710 --> 00:18:02,400

started having some problems with his

484

00:18:06,950 --> 00:18:04,720

ability to communicate

485

00:18:09,270 --> 00:18:06,960

and that there was a sensor that showed

486

00:18:10,870 --> 00:18:09,280

that that tracks carbon dioxide levels

487

00:18:12,789 --> 00:18:10,880

inside the space station the folks here

488

00:18:14,630 --> 00:18:12,799

in mission control saw that that wasn't

489

00:18:16,710 --> 00:18:14,640

working properly

490

00:18:18,870 --> 00:18:16,720

and so chris took a look inside lucas

491

00:18:21,190 --> 00:18:18,880

helmet and he saw a lot more water than

492

00:18:22,630 --> 00:18:21,200

luca even knew was in there at that

493

00:18:25,510 --> 00:18:22,640

point they reported that to mission

494

00:18:27,590 --> 00:18:25,520

control and the the eva team

495

00:18:28,549 --> 00:18:27,600

told that the flight director dave korth

496

00:18:31,830 --> 00:18:28,559

that

497

00:18:33,669 --> 00:18:31,840

we're not going to be able to continue

498

00:18:35,750 --> 00:18:33,679

doing the space walk

499

00:18:37,990 --> 00:18:35,760

and so we recommend that you guys bring

500

00:18:39,510 --> 00:18:38,000

them in early and and dave korth

501
00:18:41,590 --> 00:18:39,520
said yeah you're right let's go ahead

502
00:18:43,190 --> 00:18:41,600
and get them in before this gets to be a

503
00:18:44,230 --> 00:18:43,200
serious problem

504
00:18:49,590 --> 00:18:44,240
and

505
00:18:50,789 --> 00:18:49,600
well in procedures to get them in

506
00:18:52,549 --> 00:18:50,799
quickly

507
00:18:55,190 --> 00:18:52,559
they had luca come right into the

508
00:18:56,870 --> 00:18:55,200
airlock immediately and get him started

509
00:18:58,310 --> 00:18:56,880
they had chris do a couple of cleanup

510
00:19:00,310 --> 00:18:58,320
tasks because you can't put two people

511
00:19:02,870 --> 00:19:00,320
through a door that small at the same

512
00:19:05,510 --> 00:19:02,880
time and so he did the cleanup and and

513
00:19:07,510 --> 00:19:05,520

lashed things down temporarily and then

514

00:19:08,950 --> 00:19:07,520

he came back in so he could help luca

515

00:19:10,470 --> 00:19:08,960

and they could close the hatch and get

516

00:19:12,150 --> 00:19:10,480

back inside

517

00:19:14,470 --> 00:19:12,160

and then this team worked together

518

00:19:16,789 --> 00:19:14,480

through established procedures a plan

519

00:19:19,510 --> 00:19:16,799

that had been

520

00:19:21,510 --> 00:19:19,520

discussed at length and practiced both

521

00:19:23,430 --> 00:19:21,520

by the crew and by the team here in

522

00:19:25,510 --> 00:19:23,440

mission control and so they're all

523

00:19:27,190 --> 00:19:25,520

working from the same page in the same

524

00:19:29,190 --> 00:19:27,200

book and

525

00:19:31,510 --> 00:19:29,200

we're able to get those guys back in and

526

00:19:33,430 --> 00:19:31,520

here's some video of uh

527

00:19:35,750 --> 00:19:33,440

the team working together you got karen

528

00:19:37,830 --> 00:19:35,760

nyberg and fioda your chicken also

529

00:19:41,110 --> 00:19:37,840

helping

530

00:19:45,190 --> 00:19:41,120

alexander misurkin and paul de gradoff

531

00:19:49,029 --> 00:19:47,830

luca out of his spacesuit and they kind

532

00:19:50,470 --> 00:19:49,039

of got in the way of the camera you

533

00:19:51,830 --> 00:19:50,480

can't really see him too well right here

534

00:19:53,909 --> 00:19:51,840

but in just a second i think you're

535

00:19:56,070 --> 00:19:53,919

going to see luca's face and you're

536

00:19:59,190 --> 00:19:56,080

going to see him able to wipe that water

537

00:20:02,310 --> 00:19:59,200

off of his face and and that was the

538

00:20:04,950 --> 00:20:02,320

success that's why that was a successful

539

00:20:07,990 --> 00:20:04,960

spacewalk because even though we had a

540

00:20:11,029 --> 00:20:08,000

problem we were able to get luca and

541

00:20:12,950 --> 00:20:11,039

chris back in safely and here you can

542

00:20:14,950 --> 00:20:12,960

start to see luca they're having a wipe

543

00:20:17,350 --> 00:20:14,960

he's getting a lot of water he had water

544

00:20:18,710 --> 00:20:17,360

in his ears and water in his nose

545

00:20:21,830 --> 00:20:18,720

and that's one of the things about water

546

00:20:24,390 --> 00:20:21,840

it tends to to coalesce into

547

00:20:26,470 --> 00:20:24,400

a globule because because of the way

548

00:20:28,390 --> 00:20:26,480

water acts in space

549

00:20:30,149 --> 00:20:28,400

through surface tension

550

00:20:31,990 --> 00:20:30,159

and it can collect in areas that you

551
00:20:34,230 --> 00:20:32,000
wouldn't want it to collect in and be a

552
00:20:36,710 --> 00:20:34,240
be a serious problem so that's an

553
00:20:39,270 --> 00:20:36,720
example of teamwork in action and

554
00:20:40,710 --> 00:20:39,280
preparation in action uh mark yeah

555
00:20:48,149 --> 00:20:40,720
no i don't have anything to add to that

556
00:20:52,789 --> 00:20:50,630
uh hi my name is clay

557
00:20:55,430 --> 00:20:52,799
excuse me uh i live in edmonds and my

558
00:20:57,669 --> 00:20:55,440
question is what do you think um

559
00:21:02,390 --> 00:20:57,679
my opinion was the scariest moment in

560
00:21:07,270 --> 00:21:04,950
uh you know i got to be honest we don't

561
00:21:09,909 --> 00:21:07,280
get scared in mission control much

562
00:21:12,950 --> 00:21:09,919
there's there are scary things happen uh

563
00:21:15,270 --> 00:21:12,960

but but we train so much and we practice

564

00:21:17,590 --> 00:21:15,280

so much and we study so much all of the

565

00:21:20,070 --> 00:21:17,600

systems that we work with

566

00:21:23,029 --> 00:21:20,080

that that fear doesn't enter into it a

567

00:21:24,870 --> 00:21:23,039

whole lot uh you have those moments when

568

00:21:27,909 --> 00:21:24,880

you say uh oh

569

00:21:28,630 --> 00:21:27,919

uh but then your training kicks in and

570

00:21:37,190 --> 00:21:28,640

you

571

00:21:39,669 --> 00:21:37,200

to do it in

572

00:21:42,149 --> 00:21:39,679

uh what other potential problems could

573

00:21:44,230 --> 00:21:42,159

be associated with what's going on

574

00:21:46,549 --> 00:21:44,240

and how you keep the entire crew safe

575

00:21:48,230 --> 00:21:46,559

and how you make sure that you try to

576
00:21:49,510 --> 00:21:48,240
accomplish the mission that you're doing

577
00:21:51,830 --> 00:21:49,520
so

578
00:21:53,750 --> 00:21:51,840
i i don't think there really is a whole

579
00:21:55,590 --> 00:21:53,760
lot of fear here in mission control

580
00:21:57,750 --> 00:21:55,600
there's there's there's some trepidation

581
00:21:59,190 --> 00:21:57,760
and there's some immediate uh

582
00:22:01,029 --> 00:21:59,200
being startled when you have a problem

583
00:22:02,710 --> 00:22:01,039
like that but but training kind of kicks

584
00:22:04,310 --> 00:22:02,720
in and you don't and you don't worry so

585
00:22:06,470 --> 00:22:04,320
much about it you work to get the job

586
00:22:08,070 --> 00:22:06,480
done uh mark anything to add there you

587
00:22:10,549 --> 00:22:08,080
work with these astronauts and training

588
00:22:12,870 --> 00:22:10,559

all the time yeah but i'm not in mission

589

00:22:15,510 --> 00:22:12,880

control so it's very different for me

590

00:22:16,470 --> 00:22:15,520

from from you guys so i don't really see

591

00:22:18,230 --> 00:22:16,480

anything in

592

00:22:19,750 --> 00:22:18,240

in my normal day that

593

00:22:21,190 --> 00:22:19,760

startles me you know a piece of hardware

594

00:22:22,549 --> 00:22:21,200

breaks we just figure out how to fix the

595

00:22:25,190 --> 00:22:22,559

hardware and go back to doing what we

596

00:22:27,510 --> 00:22:25,200

need to do so you know that's about it

597

00:22:29,190 --> 00:22:27,520

okay i'm sorry i'm not not a really

598

00:22:29,990 --> 00:22:29,200

exciting answer about fear because

599

00:22:34,230 --> 00:22:30,000

because

600

00:22:38,390 --> 00:22:35,990

hello my name is josh i'm from geek

601
00:22:39,909 --> 00:22:38,400
harbor washington and my question is

602
00:22:41,909 --> 00:22:39,919
we have recently learned that one of the

603
00:22:44,149 --> 00:22:41,919
dangers of the mars mission would be

604
00:22:46,149 --> 00:22:44,159
boredom for the astronauts and so what

605
00:22:48,549 --> 00:22:46,159
do astronauts on the international space

606
00:22:50,230 --> 00:22:48,559
station do to keep themselves busy and

607
00:22:52,230 --> 00:22:50,240
entertained when they have like some

608
00:22:55,029 --> 00:22:52,240
sort of free time

609
00:22:56,630 --> 00:22:55,039
well the favorite thing when they have

610
00:22:58,470 --> 00:22:56,640
free time is to look out the window at

611
00:23:00,549 --> 00:22:58,480
the earth below uh there's no doubt

612
00:23:02,870 --> 00:23:00,559
about that uh we have a special uh

613
00:23:06,870 --> 00:23:02,880

module called the cupola which is

614

00:23:08,470 --> 00:23:06,880

basically a 360 degree bay window

615

00:23:10,230 --> 00:23:08,480

and there are seven different windows a

616

00:23:12,630 --> 00:23:10,240

big round one in the middle and then six

617

00:23:15,029 --> 00:23:12,640

rounds six trapezoidal windows around it

618

00:23:16,950 --> 00:23:15,039

and it gives you a 360 degree view of

619

00:23:18,710 --> 00:23:16,960

the earth and any astronaut i've ever

620

00:23:20,549 --> 00:23:18,720

talked to says whenever they get spare

621

00:23:22,870 --> 00:23:20,559

time the number one thing they want to

622

00:23:24,630 --> 00:23:22,880

go do is is go out and look at the earth

623

00:23:25,909 --> 00:23:24,640

now you got to remember that half the

624

00:23:27,590 --> 00:23:25,919

time they're going around the planet

625

00:23:29,350 --> 00:23:27,600

it's dark and so if you're over the

626

00:23:30,870 --> 00:23:29,360

pacific ocean there may not be a lot to

627

00:23:33,430 --> 00:23:30,880

look at and so they do have other things

628

00:23:36,390 --> 00:23:33,440

they like to do they can watch movies uh

629

00:23:38,070 --> 00:23:36,400

on on orbit they can read books

630

00:23:40,390 --> 00:23:38,080

they have

631

00:23:41,750 --> 00:23:40,400

multiple different ways of communicating

632

00:23:44,310 --> 00:23:41,760

with their friends and family on the

633

00:23:46,230 --> 00:23:44,320

ground they have an ip

634

00:23:47,590 --> 00:23:46,240

internet protocol telephone

635

00:23:49,430 --> 00:23:47,600

that they can call down and talk to

636

00:23:51,350 --> 00:23:49,440

their friends and family

637

00:23:52,789 --> 00:23:51,360

they have email that they can share

638

00:23:55,750 --> 00:23:52,799

messages with

639

00:23:57,350 --> 00:23:55,760

they have a crew support internet

640

00:23:59,430 --> 00:23:57,360

local area network that they can

641

00:24:01,590 --> 00:23:59,440

actually access the

642

00:24:02,549 --> 00:24:01,600

the network here the internet here on

643

00:24:05,190 --> 00:24:02,559

earth

644

00:24:07,909 --> 00:24:05,200

somewhat directly and go off and and

645

00:24:09,830 --> 00:24:07,919

they can post tweets and uh and facebook

646

00:24:13,029 --> 00:24:09,840

things and do that it's a little slower

647

00:24:14,870 --> 00:24:13,039

than your regular network is but uh

648

00:24:16,549 --> 00:24:14,880

because of the limitations of the of the

649

00:24:18,789 --> 00:24:16,559

download capability on the space station

650

00:24:21,590 --> 00:24:18,799

but it does allow them to have a lot of

651
00:24:23,269 --> 00:24:21,600
interaction with folks on the ground

652
00:24:25,029 --> 00:24:23,279
and they enjoy each other's company they

653
00:24:26,149 --> 00:24:25,039
enjoy learning about different cultures

654
00:24:27,590 --> 00:24:26,159
because

655
00:24:29,110 --> 00:24:27,600
there are so many different cultures

656
00:24:30,149 --> 00:24:29,120
involved in the space station the

657
00:24:31,590 --> 00:24:30,159
different crew members and their

658
00:24:33,510 --> 00:24:31,600
backgrounds

659
00:24:35,350 --> 00:24:33,520
and so i would say probably enjoying

660
00:24:37,430 --> 00:24:35,360
each other's company and becoming a team

661
00:24:38,789 --> 00:24:37,440
and and continuing to work as a team and

662
00:24:42,630 --> 00:24:38,799
looking out the window are the most

663
00:24:48,390 --> 00:24:44,789

hi i'm hans martin i'm from yakima

664

00:24:49,269 --> 00:24:48,400

washington and uh where is the iss right

665

00:24:50,870 --> 00:24:49,279

now

666

00:24:53,669 --> 00:24:50,880

i'm gonna look over my shoulder right

667

00:24:55,269 --> 00:24:53,679

now the international space station is

668

00:24:56,630 --> 00:24:55,279

orbiting

669

00:24:57,750 --> 00:24:56,640

over

670

00:25:04,870 --> 00:24:57,760

the

671

00:25:07,590 --> 00:25:06,470

one quick question

672

00:25:09,029 --> 00:25:07,600

how do you wake the crew up in the

673

00:25:11,669 --> 00:25:09,039

morning is there a special protocol for

674

00:25:13,269 --> 00:25:11,679

that is there an alarm clock

675

00:25:14,630 --> 00:25:13,279

uh you know different crews do that

676

00:25:16,710 --> 00:25:14,640

differently it's kind of a personal

677

00:25:19,269 --> 00:25:16,720

preference thing in the shuttle days we

678

00:25:21,430 --> 00:25:19,279

used to wake the crews up with uh

679

00:25:23,830 --> 00:25:21,440

morning wake-up music uh but on the

680

00:25:25,590 --> 00:25:23,840

space station we generally don't do that

681

00:25:27,430 --> 00:25:25,600

they have alarms that they can set on

682

00:25:28,630 --> 00:25:27,440

board for themselves

683

00:25:31,029 --> 00:25:28,640

but

684

00:25:32,549 --> 00:25:31,039

no special notes we do have a daily

685

00:25:33,830 --> 00:25:32,559

planning conference that starts the day

686

00:25:35,990 --> 00:25:33,840

but that's about an hour and a half

687

00:25:37,430 --> 00:25:36,000

after the crew wakes up

688

00:25:39,029 --> 00:25:37,440

but that's always something they want to

689

00:25:40,950 --> 00:25:39,039

make sure that they're ready for and in

690

00:25:42,390 --> 00:25:40,960

talking to different astronauts some of

691

00:25:47,510 --> 00:25:42,400

them wake up

692

00:25:49,190 --> 00:25:47,520

before the daily planning conference

693

00:25:51,029 --> 00:25:49,200

but they've got an hour and a half worth

694

00:25:52,630 --> 00:25:51,039

of time where they can

695

00:25:54,310 --> 00:25:52,640

have a morning meal and talk about

696

00:25:56,549 --> 00:25:54,320

themselves and

697

00:25:58,070 --> 00:25:56,559

amongst themselves i should say and they

698

00:25:59,350 --> 00:25:58,080

do a preliminary inspection of the

699

00:26:02,149 --> 00:25:59,360

different areas of the space station

700

00:26:04,310 --> 00:26:02,159

making sure everything's good but uh no

701

00:26:05,669 --> 00:26:04,320

no no main wake-up call that kind of

702

00:26:09,350 --> 00:26:05,679

depends on the crew and how they want to

703

00:26:12,390 --> 00:26:10,630

all right so i understand that's all the

704

00:26:14,149 --> 00:26:12,400

time we have for today i want to thank

705

00:26:15,990 --> 00:26:14,159

mark gilliam for being here with us

706

00:26:17,750 --> 00:26:16,000

today and i want to thank you all for

707

00:26:20,310 --> 00:26:17,760

your great questions i understand you've

708

00:26:21,909 --> 00:26:20,320

got a great exhibit there uh with the

709

00:26:23,590 --> 00:26:21,919

full fuselage trainer from the space

710

00:26:25,269 --> 00:26:23,600

shuttle and destination station i

711

00:26:27,190 --> 00:26:25,279

believe is at your museum i hope you